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APPLICATION NO.	ATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/956,994 09/21/2001		9/21/2001	Mutsumi Kimura	110423	2948	
25944	7590	09/21/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
OLIFF & E P.O. BOX 1		E, PLC	LEWIS, DA	LEWIS, DAVID LEE		
ALEXAND		22320	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
				2673		
				DATE MAILED: 09/21/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application	Application No. Applicant(s)						
			94	KIMURA, MUTSUMI					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit					
		David L. L	ewis	2673					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communic or Reply	ation appears on the	cover sheet with the	correspondence ad	idress				
A SH WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAnsions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this community period for reply is specified above, the maximum statue to reply within the set or extended period for reply within th	ILING DATE OF TH 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no evo- nication. Itory period will apply and wi ill, by statute, cause the app	HIS COMMUNICATION  Thent, however, may a reply be to the state of the	ON. imely filed m the mailing date of this c IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status									
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on 31 March 2005.							
		o)☐ This action is n	on-final.						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is								
·	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposit	on of Claims								
4)⊠	☐ Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are pending in the application.								
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5)[	Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are rejected.								
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restricti	on and/or election re	equirement.						
Applicati	on Papers								
9)[	The specification is objected to by the	Examiner.							
10)	10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).									
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority (	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>									
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔯 Infori	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTo nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or P r No(s)/Mail Date <u>5/4/2005</u> .		4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail [ 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date	O-152)				
Pape	1 NO(S)/Mail Date <u>3/4/2003</u> .		o) [_] Other:						

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

1. Claims 1-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamazaki et al. (5349366) in view of Yamazaki (6545656).

As in claim 1, 9, 10, 12, 15, and 16, Yamazaki (366) et al. teaches of a driving method for an electro-optical device which includes, corresponding to an intersection of a scanning line, figure 1A item Vg,

and a data line, figure 1A item Vd,

a power line, figure 1A item VLC,

an electro optical element, figure 1A item LC,

a driving transistor that drives the electro-optical element, figure 1A item Tr2,

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and a switching transistor that controls the driving transistor, figure 1A item Tr1,

the driving method comprising: a setting step of supplying a first on-signal to switching transistor via the scanning line, **figure 1B item Vg (t0)**,

and of supplying a set signal to select a conducting state or non-conducting state of the driving transistor to the driving transistor via the date line and the switching transistor in accordance with a period for which the first on-signal is <u>supplied</u>, **figure 1B item Vd** (t0);

the driving transistor controlling the supply of power between the power line whose potential is constant and the electro optical element, figure 1B item Vd (t1 to t2);

and a resetting step of supplying a second on-signal to the switching transistor via the scanning line, figure 1B item Vg (t2),

and of supplying a reset signal to select the non-conducting state of the driving transistor to the driving transistor via the data line and the switching transistor in accordance with a period for which the second on-signal is supplied, **figure 1B item Vd** (t2).

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As in claims 1, 10, and 11, Yamazaki et al. (366) fails to explicitly teach of a period

of supplying the reset signal via the data line within a vertical scanning period being

substantially constant. Yamazaki (656) teaches of a liquid crystal display having a

plurality of pixel TFT's which are matrix disposed wherein reset is performed during a

subframe of the frame period, column 4 lines 8-60.

Further, Yamazaki (656) teaches of a period of supplying the reset signal via the data

line within a vertical scanning period (frame) being substantially constant, figure 3 items

2<sup>nd</sup> Tsf and 4<sup>th</sup> Tsf. Said subframe feature of Yamazaki (656) is applicable to the display

method of Yamazaki (366) given both teach methods of solving the problem of resetting

a display. The drive method of Yamazaki as shown in figure 1A and 1B can be applied

to the subframe equivalent as taught by Yamazaki (656).

Said known modification would provide for a period of supplying the reset signal via the

data line with a vertical scanning period being substantially constant in view of

Yamazaki's (366) figures 5-6, wherein a plurality of resets are performed within one

frame period, as found in claims 1, 10, and 11.

Therefore it would have been obvious to the skilled artisan at the time of the

invention to provide the reset signal as taught by Yamazaki (656) in the device of

Yamazaki (366) because resetting a display is known to be useful to clear a display

screen as taught by Yamazaki (656), and Yamazaki (656) further suggests said

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resetting can be performed within one frame period in a like device as taught by

Yamazaki (366), as found in claims 1, 9, 10-12, 15, and 16

As amended, as in claim 12 Yamazaki (366) fails to explicitly teach of the number of

the signal to perform the setting step and the signal to perform the resetting step being

substantially the same. Said feature would have been obvious to the skilled artisan in

view of Yamazaki (656) as argued above given figure 3, wherein Yamazaki (656)

teaches of the number of the signal to perform the setting step and the signal to perform

the resetting step being substantially the same within a frame period.

As amended, as in claims 15 and 16, Yamazaki (656) teaches of a plurality of the

pairs of the setting step and the resetting step being performed within one frame period,

figure 3 items 1st to 4th Tsf, wherein the number of subframes would be an obvious

design choice to the skilled artisan, at least two set reset operations of the plurality of

the set reset operation having mutually different time lengths,

As in claims 2 and 3, Yamazaki et al. teaches of, further including a horizontal

scanning period that includes a first sub horizontal scanning period to perform the

setting step, figure 1B item Vd (t0-t0.5), and a second sub horizontal scanning period

to perform the resetting step, figure 1B item Vd (t0.5-t1).

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As in claim 7, Yamazaki et al. teaches of, further including providing the set signal to

be a signal for setting the conducting state for the driving transistor rather than the

signal for selecting the conducting state or the non-conducting state of the driving

transistor, figure 1B item Vg (t1-t2).

As in claim 8, 13, and 14, Yamazaki et al. teaches of, further including driving the

electro-optical element including an organic electroluminescence element, figure 1A

item LC.

As in claim 4, 5, and 6, Yamazaki et al. teaches of wherein, further including obtaining

a gray-scale by performing a plurality of set-reset operations, each set-reset operation

including the setting step and the resetting step, column 16 lines 35-67, figure 6A,

wherein said gradation is performed according to said method of claim 1.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments filed 3/31/2005 with respect to claims 1-16 have been

considered but are not persuasive. See the rejection over Yamazaki et al in view of

Yamazaki. Applicant argues there is no teaching that the driving element controls the

power line and there is also not teaching that the potential of the power line VLC is

constant. These features are however inherent to the design of Yamazaki given a

specific interval of time. As shown in figure 1B the signal VLC is constant during

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specific intervals. Further the driving element is integrally connect to the signal VLC in relation to the function of signal V1. Said reset feature having mutually different time lengths

#### Conclusion

- 3. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a). A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.
- 4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David L. Lewis whose telephone number is (571) 272-7673. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F from 8 to 5. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bipin Shalwala, can be reached on (571) 272-7681. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the

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status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

## Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231 or faxed to:

(703) 872-9314 (for Technology Center 2600 only) Hand-delivered responses should be brought to

Crystal Park 11, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA, Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Technology Center 2600 Customer Service Office whose telephone number is (703) 306-0377.

September 19, 2005

BIPIN SHALWALA SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600